① One moment. ② Here. ③ Speaking. ④ Who's calling?

## 英 語

I 次の対話文の空欄( $\boxed{1}$ )~( $\boxed{3}$ )に入れるのにもっとも適当なものを、 $\boxed{0}$ ~ $\boxed{4}$ の中から一つ選びなさい。	$II$ 次の $\boxed{4}$ ~ $\boxed{13}$ の空欄に入れるのにもっとも適当なものを、 $\boxed{0}$ ~ $\boxed{4}$ の中から一つ選び
A: Do you mind my sitting here?  B: ( 1 )  A: Hi, I'm Alexandra.  B: Hi, I'm Naho. Are you taking Professor Wilson's class?  A: Yes, I am. I heard so many good things about his class.  B: Yes, ( 2 ). His talks are very interesting.  A: Oh, I'm getting excited.  B: Alexandra, are you an education major? I think I've seen you in some of my classes.  A: Oh, yeah. I thought you looked familiar to me, too. Maybe you were in Professor Chang's class?  B: ( 3 ) What did you think of that class? It seemed very tough.  A: I thought so, too.	4 Space travel is ( ) longer a dream.  ① any ② not ③ no ④ far  5 This is my first time in Spain so I'm going to make ( ) it. ① both ends meet ② it to ③ sense of ④ the most of  ⑥ ( ) Kyoto Kacho University, I would like to say thank you. ① On account of ② On behalf of ③ In terms of ④ In spite of  ⑦ ( ) that they will pay for you. ① Maybe ② Probably ③ Chance is ④ Chances are
<ol> <li>Yes, go ahead.</li> <li>Yes, please.</li> <li>No, not at all.</li> <li>No, thank you.</li> <li>he's done many good things</li> <li>he's an excellent lecturer</li> <li>he loves travelling</li> <li>he likes to act funny</li> </ol>	8 You don't look well. ( ) you need most now is a good sleep.  ① Thing ② Which ③ What ④ That  9 We have a music class next Monday. Don't forget ( ) your recorder.  ① bringing ② to bring ③ brought ④ to have brought  10 Jessica will ( ) Michael right after they graduate.  ① marry ② marry to ③ marry with ④ get married  11 ( ) anyone call while I'm out, please tell them to call back after 5 o
3 ① Exactly. ② Sure. ③ No way. ④ Maybe.	① Should ② May ③ If ④ Will  12 They'll be surprised ( ) an accident. He drives too fast. ① if their son has ② if their son doesn't have ③ unless their son has ④ unless their son doesn't have  13 A: Hello, May I speak to Kay, please?  B: ( ) A: Oh, hi. This is Mai.

英 語

III 次の  $[A] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C]$  の語句を用いて英文を完成させた時、空欄 ( $[A] \sim [C]$ )にあてはまる語句を選びなさい。

[A] 受付係は私が誰なのかを尋ねた。

The ( )( 14 )( )( )( 15 )( ).

① I

2 receptionist

③ asked

④ me

(5) was

6 who

[B] 姉と比べると彼女はそれほど活発ではない。

( )( 16 )( )( ),( 17 )(

① she

② her

③ compared

4 sister

(5) with

⑥ is

) not so active.

[C] 彼はスピーチをすることに慣れている。

He ( )( 18 )( )( )( 19 )( ).

① used

2 making

③ is

(4) a

5 speech

6 to

IV 次の英文を読んで、設問に答えなさい。

The Rapid Development of the Coca-Cola Company

Coca-Cola beverages which are familiar to the Japanese also, are favorites of people in over 200 countries around the world. However, (A) how has Coca-Cola been able to influence the world market even though it didn't win popularity among people who first drank it?

When we visit the World of Coca-Cola in Atlanta, we can find out the secret to its success. We first realize that one secret is skillful advertising in which sports players, actors and singers are selected as spokespersons for its products. The Coca-Cola Company first appeared in TV commercials when TV sets came into wide use in the United States, and inspired people on the bright aspects of life. Later, the Coca-Cola Company focused on a sense of sharing, and impressed the viewers that sharing a coke would create a bond between people. In the Olympics held in Atlanta in 1996, the Coca-Cola Company became better known by sponsoring it. The company has been able to swim with the tide by utilizing its outstanding skills in publicity.

(B) Besides that, the Coca-Cola Company owes its success to the ability to develop products; that is, having improved Coca-Cola from its original medicinal taste to beverages that are loved by people all over the world. The company has developed beverages with diverse flavors by taking different tastes into consideration, and also has devised commercials suitable for people with different cultural backgrounds. The museum provides visitors with as many as 60 different kinds of drinks depending on the region at their sampling site of in-house products.

Erected in front of the museum is a statue of John Pemberton, the pharmacist who invented Coca-Cola in 1886. Although he passed away three years after his invention, the Coca-Cola Company has developed remarkably into a world-famous company because of his successors' enthusiasm and management capability. The Coca-Cola Company has increased the kinds of soft drinks such as Fanta and Sprite, and has enlarged its product line by acquiring coffee makers. The same company has joined an environmental project, thinking that a healthy environment is essential to the growth of business. The company has improved its manufacturing process every year so that energy and water can be conserved. We can expect further development from this company which is always sensitive to the needs of the times.

Junko Kobayashi: The Secret of Success

(語注)spokesperson 広告塔

coke コカコーラ

bond きずな

swim with the tide 時流に乗る

語 (三枚のうち3)

medicinal taste 薬のような味devise 工夫する、考案するin-house product 自家製品erect 建設する、立てる

enthusiasm 熱意 management capability 経営手腕 acquire ~を買収する

英

 $\overline{20}$  下線部(A)の訳として適当なものを、(1)~(4)の中から一つ選びなさい。

- ① コカコーラ社は世界市場から影響を受けたにもかかわらず、コカコーラを初めて飲んだ人々から人気を得ることはできなかった。
- ② コカコーラを初めて飲んだ人々の間では人気がでなかったにもかかわらず、コカコーラ社はどのようにして世界市場に影響を与えることができているのか。
- ③ コカコーラを初めて飲む人々の間では人気を勝ち得ることができないにもかかわらず、コカコーラ社は世界市場にどのような影響力を保持しているのか。
- ④ 初めてコカコーラを飲む人々には人気がないため、コカコーラ社は世界市場からどのような影響を受けているのか。
- 21 下線部(B)の訳として適当なものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① その他に、コカコーラ社の成功は製品改良手腕に借りがある。
  - ② それに加えて、コカコーラ社の成功は商品を開発する能力のおかげである。
  - ③ さらに、コカコーラ社は商品開発能力と成功の秘訣は切っても切り離せない。
  - ④ そのうえ、コカコーラ社は成功の陰にある製品開発に携わる人々の才能による。
- 22 本文の第2段落の内容に合わないものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① アトランタ州の World of Coca-Cola に行くと、コカコーラ社の成功の秘密がわかる。
  - ② 商品の広告塔には有名人を起用している。
  - ③ アメリカでテレビが普及した頃に、初めてテレビ広告を流した。
  - ④ コカコーラを分けて飲んだ人々は、仲良くなることができた。

- 23 本文の第4段落の内容に合うものとしてもっとも適当なものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① 博物館の庭にはコカコーラ創始者の銅像がある。
  - ② コカコーラ社が発展したのは、ジョン・ペンバートンによるところが大きい。
  - ③ コカコーラ社はコーヒー飲料も販売している。
  - ④ 会社の成長には社員の健康が欠かせないと考えている。
- 24 25 本文の内容と合っているものを、①~⑥の中から二つ選びなさい。(順不同)
  - ① 200 か国以上の国々でコカコーラ飲料は人気がある。
  - ② コカコーラ社の宣伝部は、アトランタオリンピックのスポンサーになることを強く勧めた。
  - ③ 人々の文化的背景に配慮した広告を作った。
  - ④ コカコーラ博物館では60種類ものサンプルを配布している。
  - ⑤ 初代コカコーラは薬剤師が発明したため、薬っぽく飲めたものではない。
  - ⑥ 経費削減のため、製造工程の改良を毎年行っている。

英 語 (三枚のうち1) I 次の対話文の空欄( $\boxed{1}$ )~( $\boxed{3}$ )に入れるのにもっとも適当なものを、 $\boxed{0}$ ~ $\boxed{4}$ の中から II 次の $\boxed{4}$ ~ $\boxed{13}$ の空欄に入れるのにもっとも適当なものを、 $\boxed{0}$ ~ $\boxed{4}$ の中から一つ選びなさい。 一つ選びなさい。 A: How was your break? ( 4 ( ) participated in the school celebration. B: Yeah, it was great! A: Really. What did you do? (1) Almost students ② Almost the students 3 Almost all the students 4 All almost the students B: I went to Tokyo with my friend for three days and we went to a concert. A: Oh, ( ). Whose concert? [5] Although preparing for the festival was very ( ), I enjoyed it. B: Maybe you don't know them, but we went to BDC's concert. They are from Thailand. A: You are kidding. I love BDC. I just went to their concert last month. ② tiring ③ excited 4 tired (1) exciting B: Are you sure? 6 Since I have so much household chores, I ( ) go anywhere this weekend. A: Yes! I'm not kidding! B: Wow. ( 3 ① would not rather 2 had not to 3 had better not to 4 would rather not A: Yeah. Are you going to another one this year? B: Actually, I am! Do you want to go together? 7 The boy was seen ( ) pens by a shopkeeper. A: Yes!! Oh, I'm so happy! ① steal 3 stealing 4 stolen ② to steal 8 It ( ) without saying that she is an excellent ping pong player. ① Did you have a good weekend? Did you go to Tokyo? ① is 3 goes ② does 4 makes What did you do? There are a few more people coming. Would you please make ( ) for them? Where did you go? 2 position 3 room ① place 4 seat 2 ① it was fun 10 The lady was listening to the speech with tears ( ) down on her cheeks. that sounds fun ② to run you had a great time ① run ③ running ④ having run your friend must be lucky | 11 | Her father demanded that she ( ) the truth. 3 ① tell ③ told 4 will tell ① you must be joking. ② tells BDC are very popular now. He was absent from school for a week, but he will ( ) with his classmates have you been to their concert? what a coincidence! soon. He's very smart. ① get along ② put up 3 move on 4 catch up 13 "Mom, I'm ( ) my way. I should be home in half an hour."

② in

③ on

 $\bigcirc$  for

① at

英 語

(三枚のうち2)

III 次の  $[A] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C]$  の語句を用いて英文を完成させた時、空欄  $[C] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C]$  の語句を用いて英文を完成させた時、空欄  $[C] \sim [C]$  の日本文に合うように、それぞれ $[C] \sim [C]$  の語句を用いて英文を完成させた。

[A] どれだけ長く時間がかかろうと、僕は仕事を終わらせるよ。

( )(  $\boxed{14}$  )( )( )(  $\boxed{15}$  )( ), I'll finish the job.

- ① long
- ② takes
- ③ no

(4) it

- (5) matter
- 6 how

[B] 彼女は素晴らしいお母さんだと私は思う。

I think ( )( 16 )( )( )( 17 )( ).

① of

- ② as
- ③ her

- (4) mother
- ⑤ a

6 great

[C] 私の部屋の時計は故障している。

( )( 18 )( )( )( 19 )( ) in my room.

① is

- ② clock
- ③ the

- 4 wrong
- 5 something
- 6 with

IV 次の英文を読んで、設問に答えなさい。

## What is the Tube?

Did you know that the number of people in London increases by around 750,000 between seven in the morning and seven in the evening each weekday? This is because people commute into the Capital to go to work. A very popular way of getting into, out of, and around London is the London Underground, also known as the Tube.

The London Underground was first opened in 1863 and is the oldest underground railway system in the world. Today there are 275 stations and over 408 km of railway lines. Passengers make three million individual journeys on the Tube each day. The London Underground is commonly called the Tube because of its circular tube-like tunnels. (A) Not only are the tunnels round, but also the trains are round to fit in the tunnels, and even many of the stations are round, too!

The Tube is also very popular with tourists as it can take them almost directly to many of the more popular London attractions. It is easy to find Tube stations around London. First of all, there are many of them, and, secondly, their iconic round signs are easy to spot. The red circle with a blue bar was first introduced for signs to the Underground in 1908. The roundel is on each station's platform walls, with the name of the station written along the blue bar. At street level the word "Underground" is written along the blue bar to alert the public of a station entrance.

Tube stations can be confusing for first-time visitors as the bigger stations can be on different levels. Furthermore, you must ride escalators to get to some of the platforms. The longest escalator is at Angel Station and it is sixty meters long! (B) With all the different lines, stations and destinations, it took a long time to make a map which could simplify directions for people. Eventually, the classic Tube map was designed by an electrical engineer named Harry Beck in 1933.

While the Tube is the oldest underground railway system in the world, it is by no means the only one. Although London is the only city in the UK to have a subway, Japan has nine in cities from Sapporo to Fukuoka. The biggest of these, in Tokyo, rivals London with 274 stations and is the busiest in the world with nearly nine million individual journeys a day! The subway is a great way to get around London or Tokyo, but perhaps it would be best to avoid rush hour!

R. H. Bent, et al., Cross-Cultural Views on Britain

(語注) the Capital 首都ロンドン iconic 象徴の spot ~を見つける roundel 地下鉄サイン

英 語 (三枚のうち3)

- 20 下線部(A)の訳として適当なものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① トンネルだけは丸くなかったが、電車と駅が丸いので、それに合わせてトンネルも丸くした。
  - ② トンネルを通る電車だけでなく、またトンネルや多くの駅も丸い。
  - ③ トンネルが丸いだけでなく、トンネルに合うように電車も丸く、そして多くの駅までもが丸い。
  - ④ トンネルは丸くないが、トンネルを通りやすくするために電車は丸く、それに合わせて多くの駅までさえも丸くしてしまった。
- 21 下線部(B)の訳として適当なものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① とても多くの路線や駅、行き先があるので、人々にとっては、路線図を理解するのに 時間がかかる。
  - ② 乗客は皆、異なる路線や駅を利用し、異なる行き先があるので、彼らにとってわかり やすい路線図を作成するのは難しかった。
  - ③ 全ての路線名、駅名、行き先を明記するのは大変だったが、長い時間を費やし、人々にわかりやすい路線図を作成することができた。
  - ④ 全ての異なる路線や駅、行き先があるため、人々に行き先をわかりやすくした路線図を作成するのには時間がかかった。
- 22 本文の第3段落の内容に合うものとしてもっとも適当なものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① ロンドンの有名な観光地以上に人気がある場所もある。
  - ② ロンドンには観光地が沢山あり、とても見つけやすい。
  - ③ 赤い丸に青い一本線が入った地下鉄のサインは改良され見やすくなった。
  - ④ 地下鉄のサインの青線部分には駅名が書かれたものと「地下鉄」と書かれたものの二 種類がある。

- 23 本文の第4段落の内容にあてはまらないものを、①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
  - ① 地下鉄の駅は観光客にとってすごくわかりやすい。
  - ② 異なるプラットホームに行くときに、エスカレータを使うこともある。
  - ③ 一番長いエスカレータは60メートルもある。
  - ④ 地下鉄路線図をデザインしたのは電気技師である。
- 24 25 本文の内容と合っているものを、①~⑥の中から二つ選びなさい。(順不同)
  - ① 平日の昼間、ロンドンの人口は75万人にまでふくれあがる。
  - ② 世界最初の地下鉄は150年以上前に開通した。
  - ③ 毎日3万人以上がロンドンの地下鉄を利用する。
  - ④ "Tube"という名前は電車やトンネル、駅の形に由来する。
  - ⑤ 日本には多くの地下鉄が存在し、札幌や福岡には九つもある。
  - ⑥ 地下鉄の駅数はロンドンの方が多いが、利用者数は東京の方が多い。